# NRG R2 PYRANOMETER INSTRUCTIONS



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## INTRODUCTION

The NRG R2 Series Pyranometers are the improved functioning family of high performing sensors for utility grade solar resource assessment (pre-solar farm construction) and solar performance monitoring (post-solar farm construction). These spectrally flat thermopile pyranometers meet Class A (Secondary Standard) per ISO 9060:2018 and meet the requirements of the WMO "Guide to Instruments and Methods of Observation".

The NRG R2-D pyranometer measures the global irradiance on a flat surface (W/m2), sum of direct solar irradiance and diffuse irradiance. The NRG R2-D series falls within the Spectrally Flat Class A pyranometers according to the ISO 9060:2018 standard and meets the requirements of the WMO "Guide to Instruments and Methods of Observation".

The newly available internal temperature, relative humidity and pressure diagnostic sensors allow continuous observation of the pyranometer's operating conditions and early detection of environmental impacts to ensure performance optimization, reliable measurements, and maintenance planning.

The integrated bubble level and the adjustable feet allow precise alignment and simplified installation while the internal tilt sensor continuously monitors the proper alignment after installation.



NRG R2-D Pyranometer

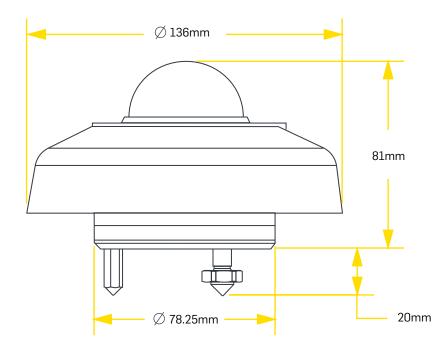
#### SENSOR IDENTIFICATION

The NRG R2-D (item 9462) is a digital sensor with modbus RTU signal output including irradiance and body temperature. The sensor can be identified by the body label, which contains the "R2-D" model name and serial number (9462NNNNN).



## **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Sensor	Thermopile
Measuring range	-200 to 4000 W/m2 The irradiance range for the analog output is configurable (default 0 to 2000 W/m2)
Resolution	0.1 W/m2
Viewing angle	2π sr
Spectral range (50%)	283 to 2800 nm
Output	RS485 Modbus-RTU (isolated)
Power supply	7 to 30 Vdc
Consumption	15 mA @ 24 Vdc / 21 mA @ 12 Vdc
Connection	5-pole M12
Weight	620 g approx.
Operating conditions	-40 to +80 °C / 0 to 100 %RH / Max. altitude 6000 m
Bubble level accuracy (See specifications below for Tilt sensor accuracy)	< 0.2°
Protection degree	IP 67
Materials	Housing: anodized aluminum Screen: ASA Dome: optical glass



#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS ACCORDING TO ISO 9060:2018**

Classification	Spectrally Flat Class A
Response time	(95%) < 2 s
Zero offset	
a) response to a 200 W/m2 thermal radiation	< +/- 7 W/m2
b) response to a 5 K/h change in ambient temperature	< +/- 2 W/m2
c) total zero offset including the effects a), b) and other sources	< +/- 10 W/m2
Long-term instability (1 year)	< +/- 0.5 %
Non-linearity	< +/- 0.2 %
Directional response (up to 80° with 1000 W/m2 beam)	< +/- 10 W/m2
Spectral error	< +/- 0.2%
Temperature response	< +/- 0.5%
Tilt response	< +/- 0.2%

## **DIAGNOSTIC SENSORS**

INTERNAL TEMPERATURE				
Measuring range	-40 to +80 °C			
Resolution	0.1 °C			
Accuracy	±0.5 °C (060 °C)			
INTERNAL RELATIVE HUMIDITY				
Measuring range	0 to 100%			
Resolution	0.1%			
Accuracy	±3% @ T=25 °C & RH=2080%			
INTERNAL PRESSURE				
Measuring range	300 to 1100 hPa			
Resolution	0.1 hPa			
Accuracy	±1 hPa (0 to 60 °C)			

#### **TILT SENSOR**

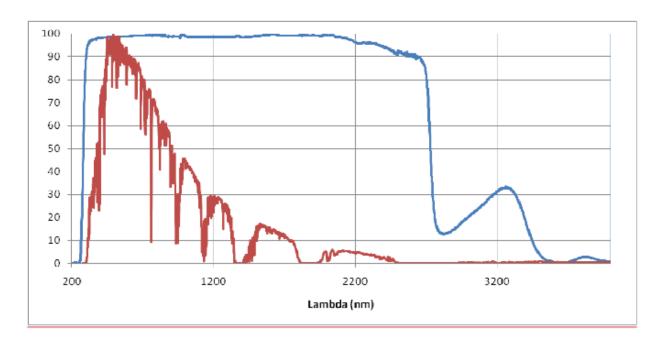
Measuring range	0 to 180°
Resolution	0.1°
Accuracy	< 0.5°

## **MEASURING PRINCIPLE**

NRG R2-D pyranometer is based on a thermopile sensor. The thermopile sensitive surface is coated with a black matte paint, which allows the pyranometer not to be selective at different wavelengths.

Radiant energy is absorbed by the thermopile black surface, thus creating a difference of temperature between the center of the thermopile (hot junction) and the pyranometer body (cold junction). Due to the Seebeck effect, the difference of temperature between hot and cold junction is converted into a difference of potential. The pyranometer spectral range is determined by the transmission of the two concentric glass domes, with 50 and 30 mm outer diameters, which provides thermal insulation to the thermopile.

The special material used to manufacture the domes allows the spectral range to be extended to short wavelengths starting from 283 nm. Considering a standard solar spectrum, the portion of solar irradiation detected by the pyranometer is greater than 99.8%. Figure 3.1 shows the relative spectral sensitivity of the NRG R2-D pyranometer (blue line) and the standard solar spectrum (red line).



#### Fig. 3.1: NRG R2-D relative spectral sensitivity and standard solar spectrum

An internal compensation circuit minimizes the change of sensitivity with temperature.

To prevent condensation from forming on the internal side of the dome under certain climatic conditions, silica-gel is inserted inside the pyranometer to absorb moisture.

## INSTALLATION

For maximum performance, adhere to the following installation guidelines:

- Mount the pyranometer in an easy-to-reach location to facilitate cleaning the dome regularly and carry out maintenance. Avoid buildings, constructions, trees, or obstructions that exceed the horizontal plane where the pyranometer is mounted. If this is not possible, select a site where obstructions in the path of the sun from sunrise to sunset do not exceed 5 degrees of elevation. **Note: The presence of obstructions on the horizon line significantly affects the measurement of direct irradiance.**
- Locate the pyranometer far from any kind of obstruction, which might reflect sunlight (or sun shadow) onto the pyranometer itself.
- The mast height should not exceed the pyranometer plane to avoid measurement errors caused by any reflection or shadow of the mast itself.
- In compliance with ISO TR9901 standard and WMO recommendations, if the pyranometer is used without the solar radiation protection screen, it must be positioned so that the connector points to the North Pole, if the instrument is used in the Northern Hemisphere, and to the South Pole, if used in the Southern Hemisphere. It is best to follow this recommendation even when the screen is installed.
- For mounting the pyranometer, use the two M5 holes with inserts on the base of the pyranometer. For accurate leveling of the sensor, adjust the height of the two lower feet with knurled ring, referencing the bubble level integrated in the pyranometer.

## Note: For horizontal positioning it is preferable to use the bubble level in addition to the tilt sensor as it is more accurate. Use the tilt sensor for positioning monitoring after installation and for installation only if the pyranometer must be positioned tilted with respect to the horizontal plane.

• It is preferable to thermally insulate the pyranometer from its mounting bracket by securing it not with the base directly in contact with the support plate, but by leaving a layer of air in between (for this purpose, always use the feet even if the installation is not horizontal), while at the same time ensuring that there is good electrical contact to ground.

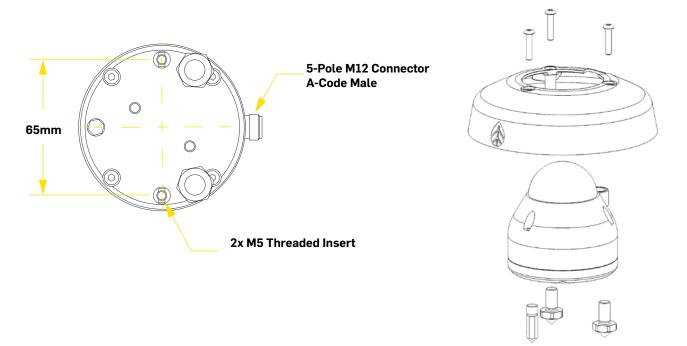


Fig. 4.1: position of fixing holes and bubble level

## **OPTIONAL MOUNTING SUPPORTS**

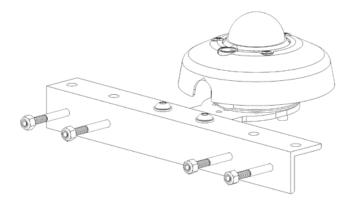
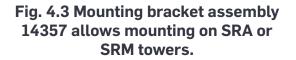


Fig. 4.2 R2-D Bracket assembly 14983 permits mounting in the plant of a fixed PV array.



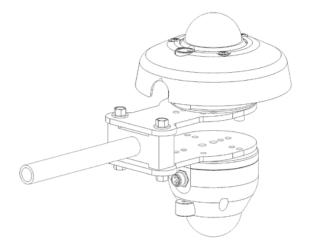


Fig. 4.4 title: "Bracket assembly 14369 permits two NRG R2 pyranometers to measure albedo.

## **ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS**

It is suggested to ground the metallic housing of the pyranometer locally. In this case, do not connect the wire of the cable corresponding to the housing to prevent ground loops. If it is not possible to ground the metallic housing of the pyranometer locally, connect the wire of the cable corresponding to the housing to ground.

There are surge protection devices internally connected to the housing. Grounding the housing allows the correct protection functionality of the devices.

#### **CONFIGURATION | LOGR-S AND LOGR | SOLAR**

The NRG R2-D pyranometer defaults will be available in LOGR-S and LOGR | Solar with firmware scheduled for release in November 2023 or later.

NOTE: It is best practice to update your logger firmware before performing logger configuration and/or data processing tasks. The latest versions of software, firmware and documentation can be downloaded from this page: https://www.nrgsystems.com/support/product-support/.

Navigate to the Sensors > Serial Sensors web page and select the NRG R2-D from the drop-down list. Click save. Note, if you do not see the R2-D in the "Load From Defaults" drop-down menu, please update your software from the "Services and Support" section of our website (https://www.nrgsystems.com).

Configured	Port	Sensor Type	Sensor Description	Client Address	Serial Number	Control Scheme
	COM-A	✓ NRG R2-D No Sensor	V NRG R2-D	1	9462000001	No Control 🗸
0	COM-A	Hukseflux SR20 Hukseflux SR30 Kipp & Zonen DustlQ EKO MS-40M	No Sensor	2	000001	No Control 🗸
0	COM-A	EKO MS-60S RC18 Reference Cell Lufft WS200 Lufft WS200	No Sensor	3	000001	No Control 👻
D	COM-A	Lufft WS500 Lufft WS500 Datasol Met Kipp & Zonen SMP10 NRG R1-D	No Sensor	4	000001	No Control 🗸
D	COM-A	NRG R2-D IMT Si-RS405TC-T Kipp & Zonen SUV5-V IMT Tm-RS485-MB	No Sensor	51	000001	No Control 🗸
	COM-A	C RDE 300i Lufft SHM31	No Sensor	6	000001	No Control 🗸

#### Serial Sensor Setup

## WIRING AND CONFIGURATION

#### NRG R2-Digital to NRG LOGR-S

Wire the NRG R2-Digital to the LOGR-S according to the table below.

TERMINAL BLOCKS COM A-1 TO COM B-1			
R2-D CONNECTION	COLOR	NRG LOGR-S	
VCD+	Brown	Connect to Com A-1, Com A-2, Com B-1 EXC	
Data +	White	Connect to Com A-1, Com A-2, Com A-3, or Com B-1 Data +	
Data Ground	Blue	Connect to Com A-1, Com A-2, Com A-3, or Com B-1 GND	
VDC-	Black	Connect to Com A-1, Com A-2, Com A-3, or Com B-1 GND	
Data -	Gray	Connect to Com A-1, Com A-2, Com A-3, or Com B-1 Data -	
Housing	Yellow/Green	Connect to "SHD" terminal	

## **CONFIGURATION | SYMPHONIEPRO**

The NRG R2-D Pyranometer defaults are available in SymphoniePRO Desktop Application SPD v3.15 and later. There are no additional logger firmware requirements.

NOTE: It is best practice to update your desktop software and logger firmware before performing logger configuration and/or data processing tasks. The latest versions of software, firmware and documentation can be downloaded from this page: https://www.nrgsystems.com/support/product-support/.

#### **Channel Configuration**

Create the following configuration in the SymphoniePRO Desktop Application (Version SPD v3.15 or later). Note, if you do not see the R2-D in the "Load From Defaults" drop-down menu, please update your software from the "Services and Support" section of our website (https://www.nrgsystems.com).

#### RS485

The R2-D can be used on the COM-A and COM-B terminals. Configure the connected serial channels for Client ID and Measurand.

– 29 🔥 Stats	& Samples 🔥 Modbus RT	U Port A: Slave 1; NR	G R2-D-Irradianc	23018305	0.00m 0.	.0 ° (N)	.1	0	W/m <sup>/</sup>
Slave Address 1 Device NR Measurand So Data Logging Mode	Image: Stats & Samples   Modbus RTU	Offset	0 D	Arce	Register Addr Number of Re Baud Rate:		1 2 19200		

#### WIRING AND CONFIGURATION

#### NRG R2-Digital to SymphoniePRO

Wiring the R2-Digital to the SymphoniePRO is straightforward and familiar. Please follow the table below.

TERMINAL BLOCKS COM A-1 TO COM B-1			
R2-D CONNECTION	COLOR	NRG SYMPHONIEPRO	
VCD+	Brown	Connect to aux power supply +	
Data +	White	Connect to RS-485 "Rx+/Tx+" terminal	
Data Ground	Blue	Connect to RS-485 "GND" terminal	
VDC-	Black	Connect to aux power supply -	
Data -	Gray	Connect to RS-485 "Rx-/Tx-"	
Housing	Yellow/Green	Connect to RS-485 "SHD" terminal	

### **MODBUS-RTU PROTOCOL**

By default, the pyranometer has Modbus address of the last two digits of the serial number and communication parameters 19200, 8E1.

The delay between the reception of a query from the master device and the start of the pyranometer reply is less than 10 ms.

#### Measurands available on LOGR-S and SYMPHONIEPRO:

MEASU	MEASUREMENTS					
1	Temperature compensated irradiance in W/m2 (x10) (it takes into account the change in sensor sensitivity as temperature changes)32-bit Integer					
3	Nominal irradiance in W/m2 (x10) (calculated considering the sensor nominal sensitivity at the calibration temperature: ~23 $^\circ\text{C}$ )	32-bit Integer				
6	Internal relative humidity in $\%$ (x10)	16-bit Integer				
7	Internal temperature in the set unit of measurement (x10)	16-bit Integer				
8	Internal pressure in hPa (x10)	16-bit Integer				
9	Signal in mV generated by the thermopile (x1000)	32-bit Integer				
11	Tilt angle (x10)	16-bit Integer				

### **USE OF THE DIAGNOSTIC SENSORS**

The internal temperature, relative humidity, pressure, and tilt diagnostic sensors allow continuous observation of the pyranometer's operating conditions and early detection of environmental impacts to ensure performance optimization, reliable measurements, and maintenance planning.

#### Internal temperature

As a rule, the internal temperature of the pyranometer is on average 5 to 10 °C higher than the external ambient temperature. Temperatures that are excessively lower or higher than indicated may be a sign of malfunctions.

Monitoring the internal temperature helps determine if the irradiance measurement can be considered reliable.

#### Internal relative humidity

To minimize condensation and keep measurements accurate, desiccant silica-gel is provided inside the pyranometer base to absorb moisture. The silica-gel life is at least 10 years. The long-term monitoring of the internal relative humidity of the pyranometer allows the efficiency of the silica-gel to be checked. A progressive upward trend in relative humidity indicates the progressively decreasing ability of silica-gel to absorb moisture.

The internal relative humidity depends not only on the saturation level of the silica-gel but also on the temperature of the pyranometer; therefore, short-term humidity monitoring is not particularly significant in determining the condition of the silica-gel. Relative humidity monitoring can be annual.

It is advised to detect the relative humidity during the night, when the temperature is lower, and the relative humidity is higher.

Silica-gel can be considered close to saturation when the internal relative humidity is persistently above 50% at temperatures below 20 °C.

#### Internal pressure

Monitoring the internal pressure of the pyranometer allows the housing to be checked for tight seal (no leakage). The pressure/temperature ratio should remain approximately constant.

#### Tilt

Monitoring the inclination angle of the pyranometer allows for the detection of unwanted displacements that may occur in the long term or because of impacts during installation.

Take the measurement of the Tilt sensor immediately after installation and consider it as a reference for subsequent measurements.

#### MAINTENANCE

To collect highly accurate measurements, it is important to keep the outer glass dome clean. You can wash it using water and standard paper for lenses. If necessary, use pure ETHYL alcohol. After using alcohol, clean the dome again with water only.

To minimize condensation and keep measurements accurate, desiccant silica-gel is provided inside the pyranometer base to absorb moisture. The silica-gel life is at least 10 years, if replacement is needed or service on your pyranometer is needed, please contact our Technical Services team.

### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The pyranometer proper operation and operating safety can be ensured only in the climatic conditions specified in this manual and if all standard safety measures as well as the specific measures described in this manual are followed.

Do not use the instruments in places where there are:

- Corrosive or flammable gases.
- Direct vibrations or shocks to the instrument.
- High-intensity electromagnetic fields, static electricity.

## **R2 PYRANOMETER ASSOCIATED ITEMS**

NRG PART #	DESCRIPTION	NOTES
14357	Assembly, Pipe Mount, Pyranometer	Gen II plate accommodates most pyranometer brands
14983	Assembly, Fixed Array Pyranometer Mount	
14396	Assembly, Pipe Mount, Albedometer	Used with 14487 Albedo Tripod Kit
14487	Albedo Tripod Kit	
17560	Assembly, POA Extension Arm, Panel Mount	Mounts to PV panels
9128	P-SCM #9128 -6 to 58 mV Input, No EXC	For SymphoniePRO
15720	Assembly, Albedometer, 6-foot boom	Integrates Albedo with SRA/SRM tower
Contact Sales	NRG Cables (3.5m to 50m)	Various cable lengths available